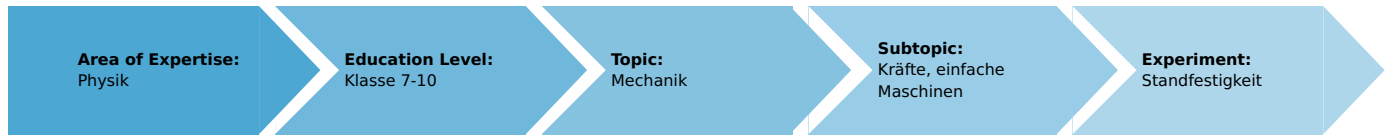


Stability (Item No.: P0999900)

Curricular Relevance



Difficulty



Easy

Preparation Time



10 Minutes

Execution Time



10 Minutes

Recommended Group Size



2 Students

Additional Requirements:

- Scissors

Experiment Variations:

Keywords:

Task and equipment

Information for teachers

Additional Information

By pulling a block at a point above its centre of gravity against an obstacle at its base, the students should observe that an object always tips over when the trace of a plumb through its centre of gravity lies outside its supporting base.

Stability

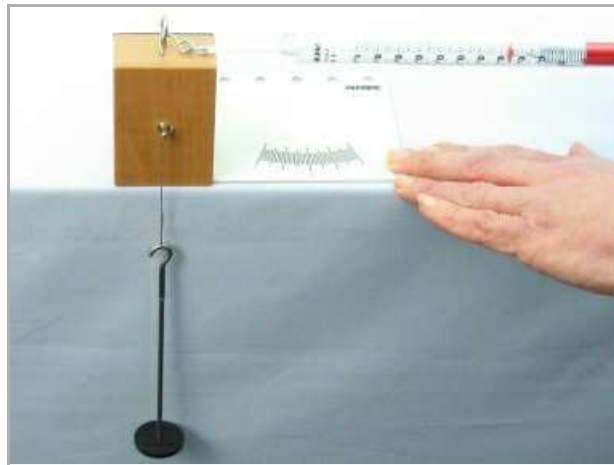
 (Item No.: P0999900)

Task and equipment

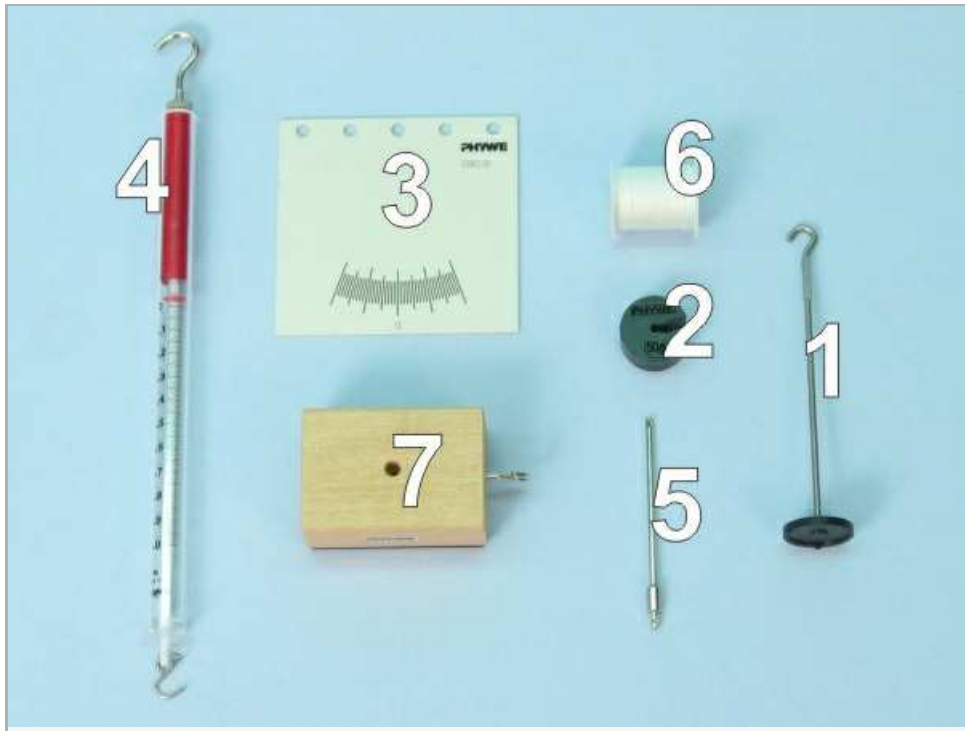
Task

When does a tower tip over?

You will determine experimentally when an object tips over.



Equipment

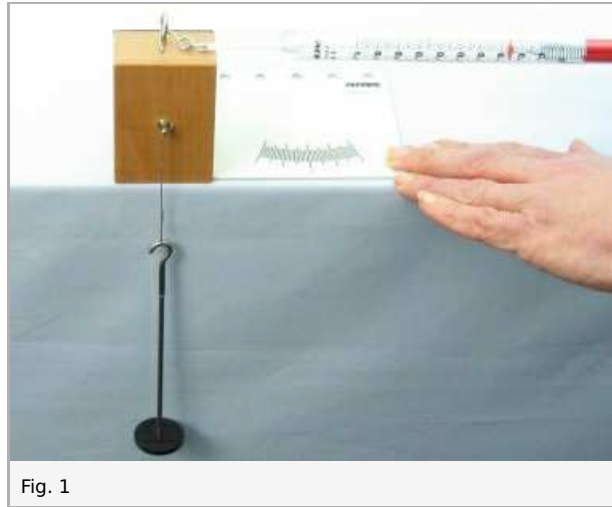


Position No.	Material	Order No.	Quantity
1	Weight holder for slotted weights	02204-00	1
2	Slotted weight, black, 50 g	02206-01	1
3	Plate with scale	03962-00	1
4	Spring balance,transparent, 1 N	03065-02	1
5	Holding pin	03949-00	1
6	Fishing line, l. 20m	02089-00	1
7	Friction block	02240-01	1
Additional material			
	Scissors		

Set-up and procedure

Set-up

Set up the experiment according to the following picture (Fig. 1). The friction block should touch the plate with its side.



Procedure

- Hang the spring balance on the hook of the friction block. Hold the plate in position with one hand (Fig. 2).
- Pull the spring balance parallel to the table top.
- Observe the object and the plumb line in all three positions (Fig. 2, Fig. 3, Fig. 4).
- Record the acting force in each position in the report.

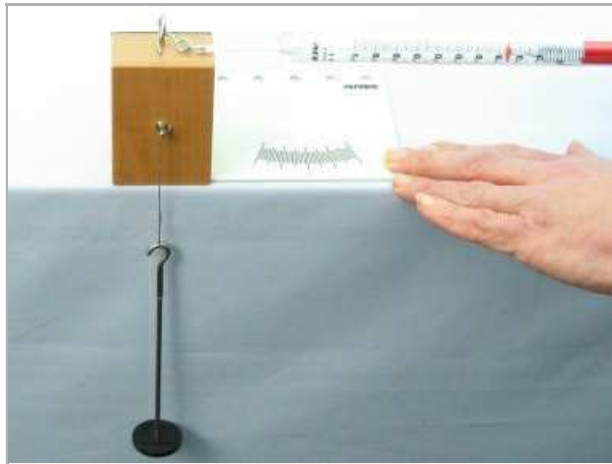


Fig. 2



Fig. 3

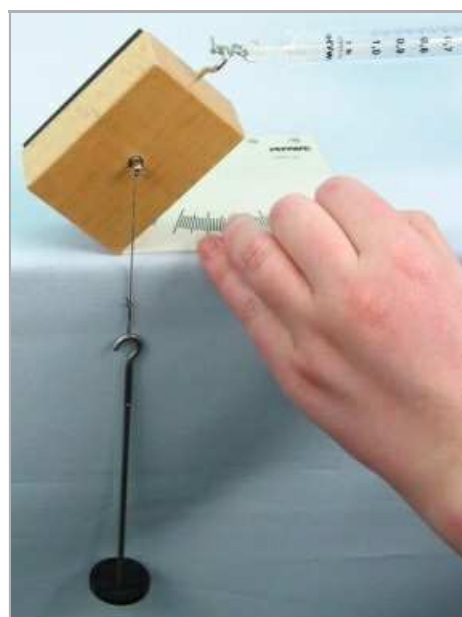


Fig. 4

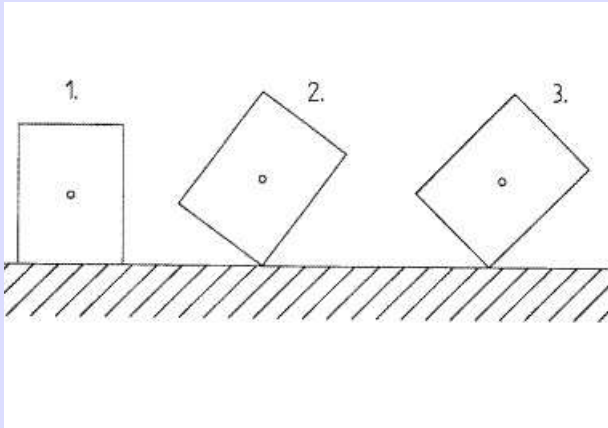
Report: Stability

Results - Observation

Position 1: tractive force = N, object

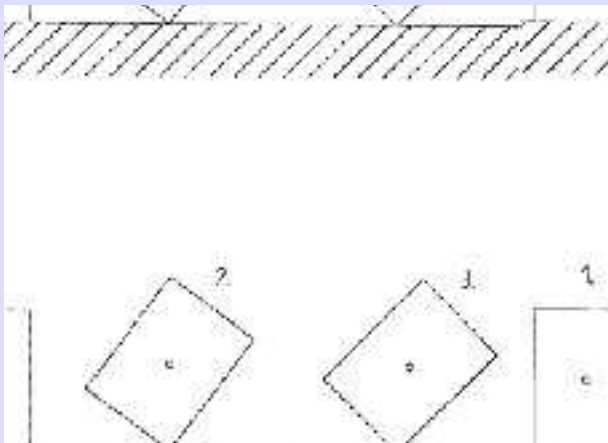
Position 2: retention force = N, object

Position 3: force = N, object



Evaluation - Question 1

Draw the plumb line for each position of the block.



Evaluation - Question 2

How are the tracing of the plumb and the supporting base of the block related to each other

- a) in position 1?
- b) in position 2?
- c) in position 3?

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Evaluation - Question 3

What condition must be met so that an object (e.g. a tower) does not tip over?

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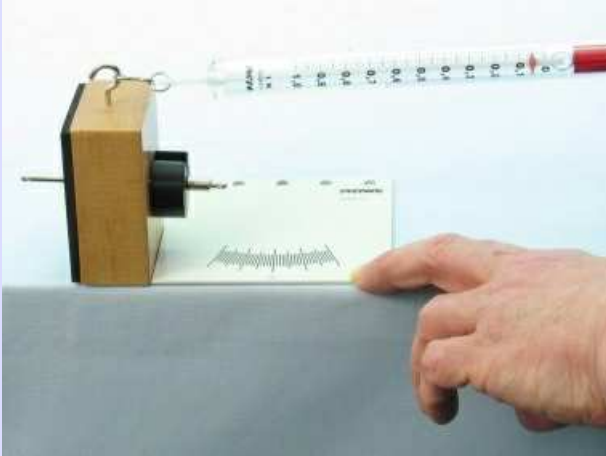
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Evaluation - Additional Task 1

Push the holding pin into the mass piece and then push the free end of the pin through the hole in the wooden side of the friction block.

- Place the friction block in such a way that the mass piece points in the direction of pull, i.e. toward the plate (Fig. 6).
- Measure the tractive force with the spring balance and record it.

Mass in the direction of pull: tractive force $F_1 = \dots\dots\dots$ N.

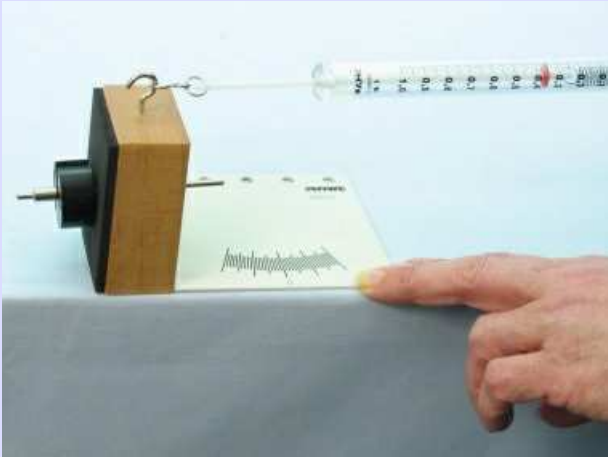


Evaluation - Additional Task 2

Remove the holding pin with the mass piece and insert the weighted pin into the rubber side of the friction block.

- Place the friction block in such a way that the mass piece points in the opposite direction of the pull, i.e. away from the plate (Fig. 7).
- Remeasure the tractive force and record it.

Mass against the direction of pull: tractive force $F_2 = \dots\dots\dots$ N.



Evaluation - Additional Task 3

Compare the measuring results. How can you explain them?

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