



PZ 143E User Manual

E-841 / E-842

LVPZT Power Supply Modules

Release: 1.3.0 Date: 2012-01-16



This document describes the following product(s):

- E-841.05 Power Supply Module, 8 W, Input 10 to 30 V
- E-841.55 Power Supply Module, 20 W, Input 12 to 30 V
- E-842.05 Power Supply Module, 8 W, Input 30 to 72 V



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Declaration of Conformity

according to ISO / IEC Guide 22 and EN 45014

Manufacturer:	Physik Instrumente (PI) GmbH & Co. KG	
Manufacturer´s Address:	Auf der Römerstrasse 1 D-76228 Karlsruhe, Germany	

The manufacturer hereby declares that the product

Product Name: Signal Conditioner Electronics

Model Numbers: E-841, E-842

Product Options: all

complies with the following European directives:

73/23/EEC, Low voltage directive

89/336/EEC, EMC-Directive

The applied standards certifying the conformity are listed below.

Electromagnetic Emission:

EN 61000-6-3, EN 55011

Electromagnetic Immunity: EN 61000-6-1

Safety (Low Voltage Directive): EN 61010-1

Electrical equipment which is intended to be integrated in other electrical equipment, only conforms to the cited EMC Standards and normative documents if the user ensures a compliant connection when implementing the total system. Possible necessary measures are installation of the component in a suitable shielded enclosure and usage of suitable connectors.

January 26, 2007 Karlsruhe, Germany

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Dr. Karl Spanner President

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Subject to change without notice. This manual is superseded by any new release. The newest release is available for download at www.pi.ws.

About this Document

Users of this Manual

This manual is designed to help the reader to install and operate the E-841 / E-842 LVPZT Power Supply Modules. It assumes that the reader has a fundamental understanding of basic servo systems, as well as motion control concepts and applicable safety procedures. The manual describes the physical specifications and dimensions of the E-841 / E-842 LVPZT Power Supply Modules.

This document is available as PDF file. Updated releases are available via FTP or email: contact your Physik Instrumente sales engineer or write info@pi.ws.

Conventions

The notes and symbols used in this manual have the following meanings:

WARNING

Calls attention to a procedure, practice or condition which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or death.

DANGER

Indicates the presence of high voltage (> 50 V). Calls attention to a procedure, practice or condition which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or death.

CAUTION

Calls attention to a procedure, practice, or condition which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to equipment.

NOTE

Provides additional information or application hints.

Related Documents

The E-83x amplifier modules, which might be delivered with E-841 / E-842 LVPZT Power Supply Modules, are described in their own manuals. All documents are available as PDF files. Updated releases are available via FTP or email: contact your Physik Instrumente sales engineer or write info@pi.ws.







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1 Introduction

E-841 and E-842 LVPZT power supply modules are switching DC-DC converters supplying the voltages required for piezoelectric actuator amplifiers and designed for PCB mounting.

Each module can supply up to three E-831-type amplifiers with all the voltages required. For low-noise applications the power supply can be synchronized with an external clock of 200 kHz. This will keep AC sensors and sampling units from seeing switching noise beat frequencies.

1.1 Product Features:

- Low cost
- Small footprint and low profile
- Low noise
- High stability
- Easy-to-use
- No external components
- Fully overcurrent, short-circuit and temperature protected
- Internal or external clocking

1.2 Safety Precautions

DANGER

The PZT driver described in this document outputs voltages of up to 137 V and may cause serious injury. All work done with and on the devices described here requires adequate knowledge and training in handling high voltages. Any cabling or connectors used with the system must meet the local safety requirements for the voltages and currents carried.





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Theory of Operation

Piezo actuators typically operate at high voltages. To prevent the customer having to generate such untypical voltages by himself, PI offers tested, compatible power supply modules. While for low-noise / high-resolution applications linear power supplies are easier to design, most applications require smaller packages and low power losses. For such applications switched supplies like the E-841/E-842 can be used. Piezo actuators, for mechanical and electrical reasons, are not able to generate mechanical noise at higher frequencies. Therefore power with switching frequency noise of 100 kHz is still suitable for highresolution piezo positioning, even though the electrical signal itself might not qualify as "low-noise."

Care should be taken if the system includes sensors with AC excitation or data sampling. If the different clock signals or their harmonics have frequencies relatively close together, their beat frequency can appear as noise. One example should clarify this: an ac-sensor operates with 100 kHz, the switched power supply at 93 kHz. Now there is a mixed frequency of 100-93 kHz = 7 kHz, that can be seen in both the electrical and mechanical world, because the piezo actuator is able to follow this frequency.

The solution PI provides is to make possible synchronization of the power supply with an external clock. The external clock has to be twice the switching clock, so in the example, a master clock of 200 kHz can be used with a divider of 2 for sensor excitation. In complex systems, or when the master clock is much higher and the various frequencies are made by dividers, sometimes more sophisticated synchronization circuits are necessary. This is because the phase shift of different dividers can affect precision and stability.



3 Application

If the E-841 or 842 is used with E-831 amplifier modules, the pins can be connected directly, and up to three amplifier modules can be supplied. No external components are needed.

Input voltage range:

- E-841.05: 10 to 30 V
- E-841.55: 12 to 30 V
- E-842.05: 30 to 72 V

The external power supply should be able to provide sufficient power-on current:

• E-841.05, E-842.05: 1.5 A for at least 10 ms

• E-841.55: 2.5 A for at least 10 ms

Operating current is less (see Technical Data, p. 5).

Output voltages are not isolated from the input voltage.



Fig. 1: Sample system wiring diagram with E-84x.05 power supply module

See the E-831 User Manual for details of PZT amplifier operation and signal descriptions.



Technical Data 4

Specifications 4.1

	E-841.05 / E-842.05	E-841.55
Function	Power supply module (8 W) for up to $3 \times E$ -831	Power supply module (20 W) for up to $3 \times E$ -831
Output voltages and currents	127 V, 30 mA; -26 V, 30 mA; 15 V, 60 mA; -15 V, 20 mA	137 V, 60 mA -37 V, 60 mA 15 V, 0.3 A -15 V, 0.3 A
Max. output power	8 W	20 W
Average output power	8 W with forced air flow (5 W without)	20 W
Current limitation	Short-circuit proof (1 minute)	Short-circuit proof (1 minute)
Operating voltage	10 to 30 V / 30 to 72 V	12 to 30 V
Quiescent current	100 mA at 15 V; 60 mA at 30 V; 25 mA at 72 V (E-842.05)	100 mA at 12 V; 90 mA at 15 V; 60 mA at 24 V; 60 mA at 30 V
Max. current consumption	1 A (E-841.05 at 10 V); 200 mA (E-842.05 at 72 V)	2.2 A at 12 V; 1.1 A at 24 V
Power-on peak current	1.5 A	2.5 A
Typ. switching frequency	100 kHz	180 kHz
External clock frequency	200 kHz (185 to 220 kHz possible)	200 kHz (200 to 225 kHz possible)
Synchronization signal	TTL level with 50 % duty cycle; minimum 1.8 V_{pp} (offset ±7 V)	TTL level with 50 % duty cycle; minimum 2.5 V_{pp}
Ripple output	<100 mV _{pp}	<20 mV _{pp}
Operating temperature range	5 to 50 °C (above 40 °C, power derated)	5 to 50 °C (above 40 °C, power derated)
Case	Metal shielded case, $50 \times 44 \times 14$ mm	Metal shielded case, $75 \times 62 \times 28$ mm
Contacting	Soldering pins, 1 mm Ø, 7 mm	Soldering pins, 1 mm Ø, 4 mm



4.2 E-84x.05 Pin Assignment



Pin 1

4.3 E-841.55 Pin Assignment



in 2 Negative supply input
in 3 Output voltage +137 V
in 4 Output voltage GND
in 5 Output voltage GND
in 6 Output voltage -37 V
in 7 Output voltage GND

Positive supply input

- Pin 8 Output voltage +15 V
- Pin 9 Output voltage GND
- Pin 10 Output voltage -15 V
- Pin 11 not connected
- Pin 12 Synchronization positive input
- Pin 13 Synchronization negative input



4.4 E-84x.05 Case Dimensions



Fig. 2: E-84x.05 case dimensions

4.5 E-841.55 Case Dimensions



Fig. 3: E-841.55 case dimensions

Piezo · Nano · Positioning



